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**CPYRGHT** 

## As Forces Grow, Cuban Refugees **Find New Hope**

Air Attack on Homeland Is Symbolic; A Look At Some Prime Targets **CPYRGHT** 

Puerto Cabezas is a remote hamiet in Nicaragua. It is hot, often wet, and far from even the most primitive diversions. But no matter. The dozens of earnest young Cubans at Puerto Cabezas want nothing to divert them from their work of learning to kill and destroy, in order to free their homeland from Red Castro.

Apparently nothing has. Early Thursday, two small planes flown by the Revolutionary Recovery Movement took off from a base "somewhere in Central One of them strafed and America." bombed a sugar mill at Moron, 280 miles east of Havana. The other made a pass at the old Esso refinery at Havana before a coughing engine forced it to turn back to the unidentified base—obviously Puerto Cabezas.

The damage was minor. But fresh hope rippled through Miami's restless and weary exile colony, and even the Communist kidnaping of 19 fleeing Cubar refugees on a British-owned key did no dampen the reviving spirits in Miami.

Exile leaders said they were recruiting Cubans for another major attempt to re capture their home island 90 miles off th Florida coast. Recruiters were reported to be busy in Miami, New York City, Ch cago, and in New Jersey. One new r cruit said his family was told they would receive \$175 a month during his absence

Exile sources claim that trained corp mandos have been slipping into Cuta since early June. Landing in small parties, these commandos quickly establish liaison with "phantom cells" of leaderless resistance to co-ordinate sabotage.

Explained a Miami exile: "If one man smashes a light bulb in a government building, that is of no consequence. But if 10,000 men smash two light bulbs each, that makes a lot of trouble for Fidel.

## More than Sympathetic

Nicaragua's fiercely anti-communist president, Rene Schick, has been more than sympathetic, and so have leaders in several other Central American nations Still, exile leaders warn against expecting a new invasion.

olutionary Recovery Movement: "Our monograms of American rood and incutations, and opened with the Hungarian refugees. A pened with the Hungarian refugees. A needlate goal is a little of the U.S. spokesman in similar dealpened with the Hungarian refugees. A needlate goal is a little of the U.S. spokesman in similar dealpened with the Hungarian refugees. A pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees. A pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees. A pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees. A pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees. A pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees. A pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pened with the Hungarian refugees here we have a pene Said Manuel Artime, leader of the Reveticiont strength

the tinean bombers wrought was minor, it was still enough to ease the pressure on

There is no shortage of targets for the Cuban underground. One of them is Cuba's Central Highway, a concrete ribbon that twists and turns the length of the island from Pinar del Rio eastward to Santiago de Cuba. This road links Havana to lis backwoods provinces. Every time this highway is chopped, the link is broker, and until the break is sealed entire pro inces can be isolated. Often guerril strength can be quickly concentrated and brief but effective uprisings follow.

This happened not long ago at Jagudy Grande, and exile sources claim the uprusing was not put down until Castio moved in heavy Russian equipment at shelled the town. Most of Jaguey Grande's 10,000 residents were arrested.

This new exile action is a needed tonic for drooping Latin spirits in Miami. Even the shortage of boasts from exile leaders heartened the Miami refugees. "Everything is going well," said Carlos Prio Socarras, a former president of Cuba on his return to Miami from Nicaragua. "In the interest of discretion I can say no more."

However guarded, the exiles took hi for rank optimism, and it was grist fo the endless speculation that abounds i Miami. Almost every greeting here begins with a question: "Have you heard anything?" Nearly everyone has. The bolas, the Spanish slang for rumors, mutiply quickly in the Florida any Florida. tiply quickly in the Florida sun. Flagier Street abounded in bolas last week. Spine of them:

Castro will soon make an elaborale call for the first elections since he came to power, arrange a gaudy campaign, and manage to win a glowing victory. This will assure a renewal of diplomatic relations with the United States.

Deferring to the wishes of the United States, Russia will dispose of Castro, allow "free" elections in which a fresh but dependable Marxist will rise to power, further entrenching communism on the island but giving it a new face of reform. Diplomatic forgiveness would thus be as-

James B. Donovan, the New York lawyer who negotiated the trade of the Bay of Pigs prisoners for \$53,000,000 worth of American food and medicines, will be-

erebashador in Hayana

But just when Castro might hav. It used the underground was his only worry.

The exiles unleashed themselves and his him again from the sky. If the damage.

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was still enough to ease

The underground.

Once the underground is solidly organized and capable of inflicting real daming, these exiles believe, the chances of a popular uprising will be enhanced some exile leaders think a successful under the exile detect that the united states will exile leaders think a successful under the exile detect that the united states will exile leaders think a successful under the exile detect that would states will exile detect. Said one exile: "A for the soldiers are getting pretty unhappy, of the soldiers are getting pretty unhappy, inappens, they believe their carbot can remove and more."

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It is cuban nettle and make the united states will be exile detected that the united states will be exiled and the states will be exiled that the united states will be exiled Havana last week, "it would lake 25 years, at least, to rebuild Cuba And that would be with a great deal of U.S. help."

## Shudder Among the Exiles

Their fears were summed up recently by Sen. Kenneth Keating, the New York Republican who is a frequent critic of President Kennedy's Cuba policy and a special hero in Miami. Strongly attacking any attempt to renew diplomatic relations with Cuba, Senator Keating said such a renewal would proclaim "the impotence of our policy." The exiles shuddered when Sen. J. William Fulbright, Arkansas Democrat who heads the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, told a national television audience that the United States must 'learn to live with Cuba." The exiles fear this implies a new relationship.

The United States did not inspire new faith with the kidnaping of the 19 refugees. Photographs of U.S. planes circling overhead during the kidnaping were splashed across Miami newspapers and the exile reaction was predictably bitter. Secretary of State Dean Rusk's explanation that "it is not for us to go into British territory in a situation like that" did little to soothe their worries,

If all this were not enough to turn the sunniest Latin disposition in Miami a bit cloudy, there were other immediate worries: The rapid relocation of exiles from Miami, and the endless and wasteful proliferation of exile activist organizations in Florida and Central America.

More than 2,000 exiles were settled in new homes outside south Florida last month, and the pace seems sure to quicken. Most of them have been resettled in New York, Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Texas. And if transportation to the U.S. can be obtained for more than 300,000 Cubans who now hold U.S. visa waivers permission to enter the United States the resettlement program would be dra matically accelerated.

Exiles in Miami resist resettlement for a number of reasons: The climate, the proximity to the homeland, and the wis to stay with family and friends. Others re sist for more sophisticated political res sons. "Once the exile colony is gone from Miami and scattered across the Unite States," an exile leader predicted, "the Cuban issue is dead. That's what has pened with the Hungarian refugees.

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